

HPCC Systems®

HPCC Systems® Data Handling

Boca Raton Documentation Team

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HPCC Systems® Data Handling

Introduction

There are a number of different ways in which data may be transferred to, from, or within an HPCC Systems cluster. For each of these data transfers, there are a few key parameters that must be known.

Prerequisites for most file movements:

- Logical filename
- Physical filename
- Record size (fixed)
- Source directory
- Destination directory
- Dali IP address (source and/or destination)
- Landing Zone IP address

The above parameters are used for these major data handling methods:

- Import - Spraying Data from the Landing Zone to Thor
- Export - Despraying Data from Thor to Landing Zone
- Copy - Replicating Data from Thor to Thor (within same Dali File System)
- Copying Data from Thor to Thor (between different Dali File Systems)

Data Handling Terms

A *spray* or *import* is the relocation of a data file from one location (such as a Landing Zone) to a cluster. The term spray was adopted due to the nature of the file movement -- the file is partitioned across all nodes within a cluster.

A *despray* or *export* is the relocation of a data file from a cluster to a single machine location (such as a Landing Zone). The term despray was adopted due to the nature of the file movement -- the file is reassembled from its parts on all nodes in the cluster and placed in a single file on the destination.

A *copy* is the replication of a data file from one cluster to another cluster within the same environment.

A *Remote copy* is the replication of a data file from one cluster to another cluster in a different environment.

A *Landing Zone* (or Drop Zone) is a physical storage location defined in your system's environment. There can be one or more of these locations defined. A daemon (DaFileSrv) must be running on that server to enable file sprays and desprays.

Working with data files

Once you start working with your HPCC Systems platform, you will want to process some real data, this section shows you how to load data to your HPCC Systems platform.

Before you begin

First, you should consider the size of the data and the capacity of your system. A typical production HPCC Systems platform would have much more data capacity than a development system. The size of the files you wish to work with is limited by the size of your system.

Uploading a file

For smaller data files, maximum of 2GB, you can use the upload/download file utility in ECL Watch.

1. In your browser, go to the **ECL Watch** URL displayed example, <http://nnn.nnn.nnn.nnn:8010>, where nnn.nnn.nnn.nnn is your ESP Server's IP address.



Your IP address could be different from the ones provided in the example images. Please use the IP address provided by **your** installation.

2. From the ECL Watch home page, press the **Files** icon link at the top, then press the **Landing Zones** button from the sub-menu, and then click on the **Upload** action button as illustrated in the following image.

Figure 1. Upload/download



A system file dialog opens. Browse and select the file to upload and then press the **Open** button.

Figure 2. Dropzones



3. Once you choose the file to upload, it will take you to the **File Uploader** dialog, where you can choose the landing zone, machine, and/or folder for the file to upload.
4. Press the **Start** button to complete the file upload.

Uploading files with a Secure Copy Client

To upload a large file for processing to your system, you will need a tool that supports the secure copy protocol (SCP). There are several free tools available, and the steps are quite similar.

1. Open the SCP tool, and login to your Landing Zone node using the username and password given.

Login ID:	hpccdemo
Password:	hpccdemo

Ensure you are using the secure protocol, SFTP, connected to your Landing Zone's IP or hostname through port 22 in your SCP tool.

2. Once logged in, set the destination to the landing zone folder. (/var/lib/HPCCSystems/mydropzone)
3. Navigate to the location where your local file is.
4. Select the data file to send and copy it to your landing zone.

Data Handling Methods

There are several ways to spray, despray, or copy data files:

- The DFU interface in Ecl Watch
- The DFU Plus command line utility

See the *Client Tools* manual for details

- Using ECL Code and FileServices library functions.

See the *ECL Language Reference* for details.

Spray Files

One way you can spray files to your clusters is from the **Landing Zone** page in ECL Watch.

1. Select the file from your drop zone by checking the box next to it.
2. Select the appropriate drop menu option for the type of spray you want.

For example, to spray a delimited file, select the **Delimited** action button.

Figure 3. Landing Zone Spray

The screenshot shows the 'Spray' configuration window in the HPCC Systems interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with tabs: 'Fixed', 'Delimited', 'XML', 'JSON', 'Variable', and 'BLOB'. The 'Delimited' tab is selected. Below the tabs, there is a 'Target' section with the following fields: 'Group' (set to 'mythor'), 'Queue' (set to 'dfuserver_queue'), and 'Target Scope' (set to 'some::prefix'). Below these is a 'Target Name' list containing 'actors.list'. The 'Options' section is expanded and contains the following settings: 'Format' (set to 'ASCII'), 'Max Record Length' (set to '8192'), 'Separators' (set to '\n'), 'Omit Separator' (unchecked), 'Escape' (empty), 'Line Terminators' (set to '\n,\r\n'), 'Quote' (set to ' '), 'Overwrite' (checked), 'Replicate' (checked), 'No Split' (unchecked), 'Compress' (unchecked), 'Fail if No Source File' (unchecked), 'Record Structure Present' (unchecked), 'Quoted Terminator' (unchecked), and 'Expire in (days)' (empty). A 'Spray' button is located at the bottom right of the window.

3. Fill in the values as appropriate for the spray.
4. Press the **Spray** button to spray the file(s).

Spray multiple files

You can choose to spray multiple files with the multi-file spray feature. This is useful for spraying a number of files of the same type using the same spray options.

Fixed (length) files can have different record lengths and XML files can have different row tags which must be specified individually for each file. To specify these differences select the files you want to spray and the spray type. You will then see the files listed. Enter the record length or row tag information for each file if using the Fixed or XML spray types, then check all other applicable options and Spray.

Data Handling Using ECL Watch

- Login to ECL Watch for the environment.

The URL is the IP address where the ESP Server is installed plus the port to which the WsSMC service is bound. The default port is 8010. For example:

```
http://<ESPserverIP>:8010/
```

- Click on the **Files** icon, then click on **Logical Files**.

The Logical Files page displays showing all files with logical entries in the Dali Server's Distributed File System.



The screenshot shows the HPCC Platform interface with the 'Logical Files' tab selected. The table lists various logical files with columns for Logical Name, Owner, Description, Cluster, Records, Size, and Page. The files are all owned by 'Jimmy' and are located in the 'mythor' cluster. The files include example data keys, people, and XML files.

Logical Name	Owner	Description	Cluster	Records	Size	Page
progguide_exampladata_keys_accounts.personid.payload	Jimmy		mythor	5,000,000	136,798...	2
progguide_exampladata_keys_people.lastname.firstname	Jimmy		mythor	1,000,000	12,058...	2
progguide_exampladata_keys_people.lastname.firstname.p...	Jimmy		mythor	1,000,000	43,819...	2
progguide_exampladata_keys_people.personid	Jimmy		mythor	1,000,000	6,176,768	2
progguide_exampladata_keys_people.personid.payload	Jimmy		mythor	1,000,000	40,427...	2
progguide_exampladata_keys_people.state.city.zip.lastnam...	Jimmy		mythor	1,000,000	39,223...	2
progguide_exampladata_keys_peopleaccts.personid	Jimmy		mythor	1,000,000	6,692,864	2
progguide_exampladata_people	Jimmy		mythor	1,000,000	114,000...	1
progguide_exampladata_peopleaccts	Jimmy		mythor	1,000,000	328,000...	1
progguide_exampladata_peopleaccts22			mythor	1,000,000	328,000...	1
progguide_exampladata.xml.timezones	Jimmy		mythor	1,340	70,427	1
progguide_exampladata.xml.ucc	Jimmy		mythor	67	2,330	1

From this page, you can despray or copy any file.

Spray Fixed

- Click on the **Files** icon, then click the **Landing Zones** link from the navigation sub-menu.
- Click on the arrow next to your dropzone to expand the list.

The files on your drop zone display.

- Check the checkboxes for the file(s) you want to spray, then press the Spray: **Fixed** action button.

The **Spray Fixed** dialog displays.

- Fill in relevant details:

Target	
Group	Select the name of cluster to spray to. You can only select a cluster in your environment.
Queue	Select the queue for the spray.
Target Scope	The prefix for the logical file
Target Name	The logical filename to create. This is pre-filled with the name of the source file on the landing zone, but can be changed.
Record Length	The size of each record.
Options:	
Overwrite	Check this box to overwrite files of the same name.
Replicate	Check this box to create backup copies of all file parts in the backup directory (by convention on the secondary drive of the node following in the cluster).
This option is only available on systems where replication has been enabled.	
Compress	Check this box to compress the files.
Expire in (days)	An integer value indicating the number of days before automatically removing the file. If omitted, the default is -1 (never expires).
No Split	Check this box to prevent splitting file parts to multiple target parts.
Fail if no source file	Check this box to allow the spray to fail if no source file is found.

- Press the **Spray** button.

A **DFU Workunit** tab displays for each job. You can see the progress of each spray operation on the tab. If a job fails, information related to the cause of the failure also displays.

Spray Delimited

- Click on the **Files** icon, then click the **Landing Zones** link from the navigation sub-menu.
- Click on the arrow next to your dropzone to expand the list.

The files on your drop zone display.

- Check the checkboxes for the file(s) you want to spray, then press the Spray: **Delimited** action button.

The **Spray Delimited** page displays.

- Fill in relevant details:

Target	
Group	Select the name of cluster to spray to. You can only select a cluster in your environment.
Queue	Select the queue for the spray.
Target Scope	The prefix for the logical file
Target Name	The logical filename to create. This is pre-filled with the name of the source file on the landing zone, but can be changed.

Options:

Format	Select the format from the droplist
Max Record Length	The length of longest record in the file.
Separators	The character(s) used as a separator in the source file.
Omit Separator	Check this box to omit the separator.
Escape	A null-terminated string containing the CSV escape characters.
Line Terminators	The character(s) used as a line terminators in the source file.
Quote	The character used as a quote in the source file.
Overwrite	Check this box to overwrite files of the same name.
No Split	Check this box to prevent splitting file parts to multiple target parts.
Fail if no source file	Check this box to allow the spray to fail if no source file is found.
Replicate	Check this box to create backup copies of all file parts in the backup directory (by convention on the secondary drive of the node following in the cluster).

This option is only available on systems where replication has been enabled.

Compress	Check this box to compress the files.
Expire in (days)	An integer value indicating the number of days before automatically removing the file. If omitted, the default is -1 (never expires).
Quoted Terminator	Check this box to indicate that the terminator character can be included in a quoted field. If unchecked, it allows quicker partitioning of the file (avoiding a complete file scan).

Record Structure Present Flag indicating whether to derive the record structure from the header of the file.

- Press the **Spray** button.

A **DFU Workunit** tab displays for each job. You can see the progress of each spray operation on the tab. If a job fails, information related to the cause of the failure also displays.

Spray XML

- Click on the **Files** icon, then click the **Landing Zones** link from the navigation sub-menu.
- Click on the arrow next to your dropzone to expand the list.

The files on your drop zone display.

- Check the checkboxes for the file(s) you want to spray, then press the Spray: **XML** action button.

The **Spray XML** dialog displays.

- Fill in relevant details:

Target	
Group	Select the name of cluster to spray to. You can only select a cluster in your environment.
Queue	Select the queue for the spray.
Target Scope	The prefix for the logical file
Target Name	The logical filename to create. This is pre-filled with the name of the source file on the landing zone, but can be changed.
Row Tag	The tag name of the row delimiter. Required.
Options:	
Format	Select the format from the droplist
Max Record Length	The length of longest record in the file.
Overwrite	Check this box to overwrite files of the same name.
No Split	Check this box to prevent splitting file parts to multiple target parts.
Expire in (days)	An integer value indicating the number of days before automatically removing the file. If omitted, the default is -1 (never expires).
Fail if no source file	Check this box to allow the spray to fail if no source file is found.
Replicate	Check this box to create backup copies of all file parts in the backup directory (by convention on the secondary drive of the node following in the cluster).
This option is only available on systems where replication has been enabled.	
Compress	Check this box to compress the files.

- Press the **Spray** button.

A **DFU Workunit** tab displays for each job. You can see the progress of each spray operation on the tab. If a job fails, information related to the cause of the failure also displays.

Spray JSON

- Click on the **Files** icon, then click the **Landing Zones** link from the navigation sub-menu.
- Click on the arrow next to your dropzone to expand the list.

The files on your drop zone display.

- Check the checkboxes for the file(s) you want to spray, then press the Spray: **JSON** action button.

The dialog displays.

- Fill in relevant details:

Target

Group	Select the name of cluster to spray to. You can only select a cluster in your environment.
Queue	Select the queue for the spray.
Target Scope	The prefix for the logical file
Target Name	The logical filename to create. This is pre-filled with the name of the source file on the landing zone, but can be changed.
Row Path	The path specifier to the JSON content. The default takes the root level content as an array of objects to be treated as rows.

Options:

Format	Select the format from the droplist
Max Record Length	The length of longest record in the file.
Overwrite	Check this box to overwrite files of the same name.
No Split	Check this box to prevent splitting file parts to multiple target parts.
Fail if no source file	Check this box to allow the spray to fail if no source file is found.
Replicate	Check this box to create backup copies of all file parts in the backup directory (by convention on the secondary drive of the node following in the cluster).

This option is only available on systems where replication has been enabled.

Expire in (days)	An integer value indicating the number of days before automatically removing the file. If omitted, the default is -1 (never expires).
Compress	Check this box to compress the files.

- Press the **Spray** button.

A **DFU Workunit** tab displays for each job. You can see the progress of each spray operation on the tab. If a job fails, information related to the cause of the failure also displays.

Spray Variable

- Click on the **Files** icon, then click the **Landing Zones** link on the navigation sub-menu.
- Click on the arrow next to your dropzone to expand the list.

The files on your drop zone display.

- Check the checkboxes for the file(s) you want to spray, then press the Spray: **Variable** action button.

The Spray **Variable** dialog displays.

- Fill in relevant details:

Target	
Group	Select the name of cluster to spray to. You can only select a cluster in your environment.
Queue	Select the queue for the spray.
Target Scope	The prefix for the logical file
Target Name	The logical filename to create. This is pre-filled with the name of the source file on the landing zone, but can be changed.

Options:	
Source Type	Select the source type from the drop list. Values: recfmv, recfmvb, Variable, or Variable Big-endian.
Overwrite	Check this box to overwrite files of the same name.
No Split	Check this box to prevent splitting file parts to multiple target parts.
Fail if no source file	Check this box to allow the spray to fail if no source file is found.
Replicate	Check this box to create backup copies of all file parts in the backup directory (by convention on the secondary drive of the node following in the cluster).
This option is only available on systems where replication has been enabled.	
Expire in (days)	An integer value indicating the number of days before automatically removing the file. If omitted, the default is -1 (never expires).
Compress	Check this box to compress the files.

- Press the **Spray** button.

A **DFU Workunit** tab displays for each job. You can see the progress of each spray operation on the tab. If a job fails, information related to the cause of the failure also displays.

Spray Blob

- Click on the **Files** icon, then click the **Landing Zones** link on the navigation sub-menu.
- Click on the arrow next to your dropzone to expand the list.

The files on your drop zone display.

- Check the checkboxes for the file(s) you want to spray, then press the Spray: **BLOB** action button.

The Spray **BLOB** dialog displays.

- Fill in relevant details:

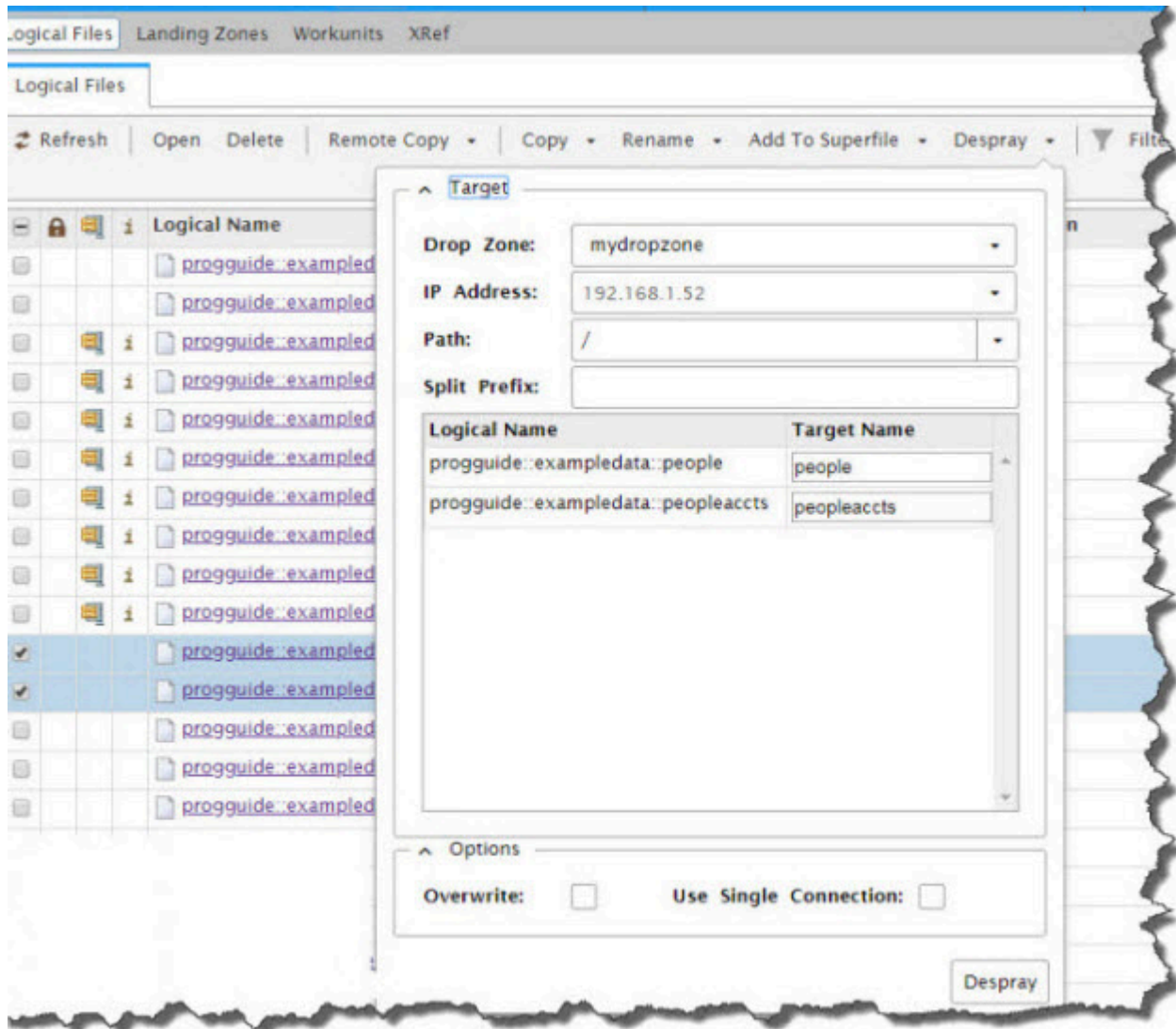
Target	
Group	Select the name of cluster to spray to. You can only select a cluster in your environment.
Queue	Select the queue for the spray.
Target Name	The logical target name to create. Required. You must provide a target name.
Source Path	The path to the file. This is pre-filled with the name of the selected source file(s) on the landing zone, but can be changed. Supports wildcards.
Options:	
Blob Prefix	The prefix for the file.
Overwrite	Check this box to overwrite files of the same name.
No Split	Check this box to prevent splitting file parts to multiple target parts.
Replicate	Check this box to create backup copies of all file parts in the backup directory (by convention on the secondary drive of the node following in the cluster).
This option is only available on systems where replication has been enabled.	
Compress	Check this box to compress the files.
Expire in (days)	An integer value indicating the number of days before automatically removing the file. If omitted, the default is -1 (never expires).
Fail if no source file	Check this box to allow the spray to fail if no source file is found.

- Press the **Spray** button.

A **DFU Workunit** tab displays for each job. You can see the progress of each spray operation on the tab. If a job fails, information related to the cause of the failure also displays.

Desprays

- Locate the file(s) to despray in the list of files, then Press the the **Despray** action button.



- Provide **Destination** information.

Drop Zone

Use the drop list to select the machine to despray to. The items in the list are landing zones defined in the system's configuration.

IP Address

This is prefilled based upon the selected machine.

Path

Provide the complete file path of the destination including file name and extension.

Split Prefix

Prefix

Overwrite

Check this box to overwrite a file with the same name if it exists.

Use Single Connection

Check this box to use a single network connection to despray.

- Press the **Despray** button.

A DFU Workunit tab for each job opens. You can see the progress of each despray operation on the tab. If a job fails, information related to the cause of the failure also displays.

Copy

- Click on the **Files** icon, then click the Logical Files button on the navigation bar.
- Select the file(s) to copy in the list of files, then click on the **Copy** action button.
- Fill in **Destination** and **Options** information.

Target:

Group	Select the name of cluster to copy to. You can only select a cluster in your environment.
Target Name	The logical filename to create. This is pre-filled with the name of the source file on the landing zone, but can be changed.

Options:

Replicate	Check this box to create backup copies of all file parts in the backup directory (by convention on the secondary drive of the node following in the cluster).
	This option is only available on systems where replication has been enabled.
Wrap	Check this box to keep the number of parts the same and wrap if the target cluster is smaller than the original.
No Split	Check this box to prevent splitting file parts to multiple target parts.
Overwrite	Check this box to overwrite files of the same name.
Compress	Check this box to compress the files.
Retain Superfile Structure	Check this box to retain the superfile structure.
Preserve Compression	Check this box to preserve the compression of the original file when copying

- Press the **Copy** button.

A **DFU Workunit** tab displays for each job. You can see the progress of each copy operation on the tab. If a job fails, information related to the cause of the failure also displays.

Remote Copy

Remote Copy allows you to copy data from a cluster outside your environment to one in your environment.

- Click on the **Files** icon, then click the Logical Files button on the navigation bar.
- Click on the **Remote Copy** link

The **Copy File** page displays.

- Fill in **Source**, **Destination**, and **Options** information.

Source:

Dali	The Dali Server in the remote environment
User ID	The Username to use to authenticate on the Remote environment (if needed)
Password	The password to use to authenticate on the Remote environment (if needed)
Logical File	The logical filename in the remote environment.

Destination:

Group	Select the name of cluster to copy to. You can only select a cluster in your environment.
Logical Name	The logical name for the copied file.

Options:

Replicate	Check this box to create backup copies of all file parts in the backup directory (by convention on the secondary drive of the node following in the cluster).
	This option is only available on systems where replication has been enabled.
Wrap	Check this box to keep the number of parts the same and wrap if the target cluster is smaller than the original.
Overwrite	Check this box to overwrite files of the same name.
Compress	Check this box to compress the files.
No Split	Check this box to prevent splitting file parts to multiple target parts.
Retain Superfile Structure	Check this box to retain the superfile structure.

- Press the **Submit** button.

A **DFU Workunit** tab displays. You can see the progress of the copy operation on the tab. If a job fails, information related to the cause of the failure also displays.

- Press the **Refresh** button periodically until the status of your request indicates it is **Finished** or click on the **View Progress** hyperlink to see a progress indicator.

HPCC Systems® Data Backups

Introduction

This section covers critical system data that requires regular backup procedures to prevent data loss.

There are

- The System Data Store (Dali data)
- Environment Configuration files
- Data Refinery (Thor) data files
- Rapid Data Delivery Engine (Roxie) data files
- Attribute Repositories
- Landing Zone files

Dali data

The Dali Server data is typically mirrored to its backup node. This location is specified in the environment configuration file using the Configuration Manager.

Since the data is written simultaneously to both nodes, there is no need for a manual backup procedure.

Environment Configuration files

There is only one active environment file, but you may have many alternative configurations.

Configuration manager only works on files in the /etc/HPCCSystems/source/ folder. To make a configuration active, it is copied to /etc/HPCCSystems/environment.xml on all nodes.

Configuration Manager automatically creates backup copies in the /etc/HPCCSystems/source/backup/ folder.

Thor data files

Thor clusters are normally configured to automatically replicate data to a secondary location known as the mirror location. Usually, this is on the second drive of the subsequent node.

If the data is not found at the primary location (for example, due to drive failure or because a node has been swapped out), it looks in the mirror directory to read the data. Any writes go to the primary and then to the mirror. This provides continual redundancy and a quick means to restore a system after a node swap.

A Thor data backup should be performed on a regularly scheduled basis and on-demand after a node swap.

Manual backup

To run a backup manually, follow these steps:

1. Login to the Thor Master node.

If you don't know which node is your Thor Master node, you can look it up using ECL Watch.

2. Run this command:

```
sudo su hpcc
/opt/HPCCSystems/bin/start_backupnode <thor_cluster_name>
```

This starts the backup process.



```
@node219008:~
starting backupnode ...
Using backupnode directory /var/lib/HPCCSystems/hpcc-data/backupnode/last_backup
Reading slaves file /var/lib/HPCCSystems/mythor/slaves
Scanning files from dali ...
-----
Waiting for backup to complete
00000000 2012-04-03 14:18:59 23391 23391 "Creating part lists, please wait..."
00000001 2012-04-03 14:18:59 23391 23391 "backupnode: File scan complete, 6 file
s, 5 parts"
00000002 2012-04-03 14:18:59 23391 23391 "backupnode finished"
00000000 2012-04-03 14:19:00 23396 23396 "ssh result(0):
ERR: backupnode: no process killed"
frunssh /var/lib/HPCCSystems/mythor/slaves /bin/sh -c 'mkdir -p /var/log/HPCCSys
tems/backupnode; mkdir -p /var/lib/HPCCSystems/mythor; /opt/HPCCSystems/bin/back
upnode -I -X /var/lib/HPCCSystems/hpcc-data/backupnode/last_backup %n %c %a %x
> /var/log/HPCCSystems/backupnode/04_03_2012_14_18_59_node%n.log 2>&1' -i:/Users
/hpcc/.ssh/id_rsa -u:hpcc -pe: -t:0 -a:3 -b
00000000 2012-04-03 14:19:00 23406 23406 "ssh result(0):
"
00000000 2012-04-03 14:19:05 23454 23454 "10.239.219.8: DONE"
00000001 2012-04-03 14:19:05 23454 23454 "Completed in 0m 0s with 0 errors"
00000002 2012-04-03 14:19:05 23454 23454 "backupnode finished"
[hpcc@oss_development:node219008]
```

Wait until completion. It will say "backupnode finished" as shown above.

3. Run the XREF utility in ECL Watch to verify that there are no orphan files or lost files.

Scheduled backup

The easiest way to schedule the backup process is to create a cron job. Cron is a daemon that serves as a task scheduler.

Cron tab (short for CRON TABLE) is a text file that contains the task list. To edit with the default editor, use the command:

```
sudo crontab -e
```

Here is a sample cron tab entry:

```
30 23 * * * /opt/HPCCSystems/bin/start_backupnode mythor
```

30 represents the minute of the hour.

23 represents the hour of the day

The asterisks (*) represent every day, month, and weekday.

mythor is the clustername

To list the tasks scheduled, use the command:

```
sudo crontab -l
```

Roxie data files

Roxie data is protected by three forms of redundancy:

- **Original Source Data File Retention:** When a query is deployed, the data is typically copied from a Thor cluster's hard drives. Therefore, the Thor data can serve as backup, provided it is not removed or altered on Thor. Thor data is typically retained for a period of time sufficient to serve as a backup copy.
- **Peer-Node Redundancy:** Each Slave node typically has one or more peer nodes within its cluster. Each peer stores a copy of data files it will read.
- **Sibling Cluster Redundancy:** Although not required, Roxie deployments may run multiple identically-configured Roxie clusters. When two clusters are deployed for Production each node has an identical twin in terms of data and queries stored on the node in the other cluster.

This provides multiple redundant copies of data files.

Attribute Repositories

Attribute repositories are stored on ECL developer's local hard drives. They can contain a significant number of hours of work and therefore should be regularly backed up. In addition, we suggest using some form of source version control, too.

Landing Zone files

Landing Zones contain raw data for input. They can also contain output files. Depending on the size or complexity of these files, you may want to retain copies for redundancy.